

(5) Any person with respect to milk produced by him during the months of February through July that is caused to be delivered to a pool plant by a co-operative association or a pool plant operator if during any of the immediately preceding months of September through November more than one-third of the milk from the same farm was caused by such cooperative association or pool plant operator to be delivered to plants as other than producer milk (except milk that is not producer milk as a result of a temporary loss of grade A approval or the application of § 1126.13(e) (4) and (5)), unless such pool plant was a nonpool plant during any of such immediately preceding months.

[40 FR 23438, May 30, 1975, as amended at 43 FR 44825, Sept. 29, 1978]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 59 FR 26737, May 24, 1994, § 1126.12 paragraph (b)(5) was suspended effective May 24, 1994.

#### **§ 1126.13 Producer milk.**

*Producer milk* means the skim milk and butterfat contained in milk of a producer that is:

(a) Received at a pool plant directly from such producer by the operator of the plant;

(b) Received by a handler described in § 1126.9(c);

(c) Picked up from the producer's farm tank in a tank truck owned and operated by, or under the control of, the operator of a pool plant but which is not received at a plant until the following month. Such milk shall be considered as having been received by the handler during the month in which it is picked up at the producer's farm and shall be priced at the location of the plant where it is physically received in the following month. This paragraph shall apply in like manner to milk received by the operator of a pool plant who, in accordance with § 1126.9(c), is the handler for such milk;

(d) Diverted from a pool plant described in § 1126.7(a) for the account of the handler operating such plant to another pool plant, except that milk diverted to a plant operated by a cooperative association may not be milk of the cooperative association's members. Milk so diverted shall be priced at the plant to which diverted; or

(e) Diverted from a pool plant to a nonpool plant that is not a producer-handler plant for the account of the handler operating such pool plant or a handler described in § 1126.9(b), subject to the following conditions:

(1) Milk of a dairy farmer shall not be eligible for diversion during any month unless milk of such dairy farmer was physically received as producer milk at a pool plant and the dairy farmer has continuously retained producer status since that time and further, during each of the months of September through January not less than 15 percent of the milk of such dairy farmer is physically received as producer milk at a pool plant. If a dairy farmer loses his producer status under this order (except as a result of a temporary loss of Grade A approval), his milk shall not be eligible for diversion until milk of such dairy farmer has been physically received as producer milk at a pool plant;

(2) The total quantity of milk so diverted during the month by a cooperative association shall not exceed one-third of the producer milk that the co-operative association causes to be delivered during the month to pool plants described in § 1126.7(a), (b), (c), and (d) and that is physically received thereat;

(3) The operator of a pool plant that is not a cooperative association may divert any milk that is not under the control of a cooperative association that diverts milk during the month pursuant to paragraph (e)(2) of this section. The total quantity of milk so diverted during the month shall not exceed one-third of the producer milk physically received at such pool plant during the month that is eligible to be diverted by the plant operator;

(4) Any milk diverted in excess of the limits prescribed in paragraphs (e) (2) and (3) of this section shall not be producer milk. If the diverting handler fails to designate the dairy farmers' deliveries that are not to be producer milk, no milk diverted by the handler during the month to a nonpool plant shall be producer milk;

(5) The quantity of milk diverted for the account of a cooperative association from a pool plant of another handler that would cause the pool plant to

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become a nonpool plant shall not be producer milk; and

(6) Diverted milk shall be priced at the location of the plant to which diverted.

[40 FR 23438, May 30, 1975, as amended at 43 FR 44825, Sept. 29, 1978; 44 FR 5868, Jan. 30, 1979; 44 FR 50323, Aug. 28, 1979]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 60 FR 40262, Aug. 8, 1995, in § 1126.13 paragraph (e)(1), the words "and further, during each of the months of September through January not less than 15 percent of the milk of such dairy farmer is physically received as producer milk at a pool plant" were suspended, paragraph (e)(2) was suspended, and in paragraph (e)(3), the sentence "The total quantity of milk so diverted during the month shall not exceed one-third of the producer milk physically received at such pool plant during the month that is eligible to be diverted by the plant operator;" was suspended, effective Aug. 1, 1995 through July 31, 1997.

### § 1126.14 Other source milk.

*Other source milk* means all skim milk and butterfat contained in or represented by:

(a) Receipts of fluid milk products and bulk products specified in § 1126.40(b)(1) from any source other than producers, handlers described in § 1126.9(c), or pool plants;

(b) Receipts in packaged form from other plants of products specified in § 1126.40(b)(1);

(c) Products (other than fluid milk products, products specified in § 1126.40(b)(1), and products produced at the plant during the same month) from any source which are reprocessed, converted into, or combined with another product in the plant during the month; and

(d) Receipts of any milk product (other than a fluid milk product or a product specified in § 1126.40(b)(1)) for which the handler fails to establish a disposition.

### § 1126.15 Fluid milk product.

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section *fluid milk product* means any milk products in fluid or frozen form containing less than 9 percent butterfat, that are in bulk or are packaged, distributed and intended to be used as beverages. Such products include, but are not limited to: Milk, skim milk, lowfat milk, milk drinks,

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buttermilk, and filled milk, including any such beverage products that are flavored, cultured, modified with added nonfat milk solids, sterilized, concentrated (to not more than 50 percent total milk solids), or reconstituted.

(b) The term *fluid milk product* shall not include:

(1) Plain or sweetened evaporated milk, plain or sweetened evaporated skim milk, sweetened condensed milk or skim milk, formulas especially prepared for infant feeding or dietary use that are packaged in hermetically sealed containers, any product that contains by weight less than 6.5 percent nonfat milk solids, and whey; and

(2) The quantity of skim milk in any modified product specified in paragraph (a) of this section that is in excess of the quantity of skim milk in an equal volume of an unmodified product of the same nature and butterfat content.

[58 FR 27888, May 11, 1993]

### § 1126.16 Fluid cream product.

*Fluid cream product* means cream (other than plastic cream or frozen cream), including sterilized cream, or a mixture of cream and milk or skim milk containing 9 percent or more butterfat, with or without the addition of other ingredients.

[58 FR 27888, May 11, 1993]

### § 1126.17 Filled milk.

*Filled milk* means any combination of nonmilk fat (or oil) with skim milk (whether fresh, cultured, reconstituted, or modified by the addition of nonfat milk solids), with or without milkfat, so that the product (including stabilizers, emulsifiers, or flavoring) resembles milk or any other fluid milk product, and contains less than 6 percent nonmilk fat (or oil).

### § 1126.18 Cooperative association.

*Cooperative association* means any cooperative marketing association of producers which the Secretary determines, after application by the association:

(a) To be qualified under the provisions of the act of Congress of February 18, 1922, as amended, known as the "Capper-Volstead Act"; and